HOUSEHOLD SAVINGS

Household saving is the main domestic source of funds to finance capital investment, which is a major impetus for long-term economic growth. Household saving rates vary considerably between countries because of institutional, demographic and socio-economic differences. For example, government provisions for old-age pensions and the demographic age structure of the population will all influence the rate at which populations save (older persons tend to run down their financial assets during their retirement to the detriment of saving). Equally the availability and price of credit, as well as attitudes towards debt, may also influence choices made by individuals regarding whether to spend or save.

Definition

Household saving is estimated by subtracting household consumption expenditure from household disposable income plus the change in net equity of households in pension funds.

Household disposable income consists essentially of income from employment and from the operation of unincorporated enterprises, plus receipts of interest, dividends and social benefits minus payments of current taxes, interest and social contributions. Note that enterprise income includes imputed rents "paid" by owner-occupiers of dwellings.

Household consumption expenditure consists mainly of cash outlays for consumer goods and services but it also includes the imputed expenditures that owner occupiers pay, as occupiers, to themselves as owners of their dwellings and the production of goods for own-final use

Overview

Household saving rates differ significantly across countries. In 2012 or the most recent available year (2011 in most cases), saving rates of above 10% were recorded in Luxembourg, Switzerland, Sweden, France, and Germany. Savings rates were negative in Estonia and Greece (minus 14.6%) in 2012. Nearly three-fourths of the 28 countries where data is available for 2012 or 2011, saw decreases in their savings rate compared to 2009

Considering the years covered, household saving rates in Japan decreased from 2001 to 2008. Then in 2009, returned to their 2004 level. Saving rates also decreased in Canada, although to a much lesser extent. Rates have remained broadly stable in Germany and France, at rather high levels of 10-12% and 11-13%, respectively. The United States saw a rather stable development of its household saving rate in the period 1999-2007; after that year, the household saving rate started to pick up and is now above 5%.

such as agricultural products; the values of which are also included in income.

The household saving rate is calculated as the ratio of household saving to household disposable income.

Comparability

All countries compile data according to the 1993 SNA "System of National Accounts, 1993" with the exception of Australia and the United States where data are compiled according to the new 2008 SNA. It's important to note however that differences between the 2008 SNA and the 1993 SNA do not have a significant impact of the comparability of the indicators presented here and this implies that data are highly comparable across countries.

Saving rates may be measured on either a net or a gross basis. Net saving rates are measured after deducting consumption of fixed capital (in respect of assets used in unincorporated enterprises and in respect of owner-occupied dwellings), from saving and from the disposable income of households, so that both saving and disposable income are shown on a net basis.

EU28 does not include Croatia.

Sources

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HOUSEHOLD SAVINGS

Household net saving rates

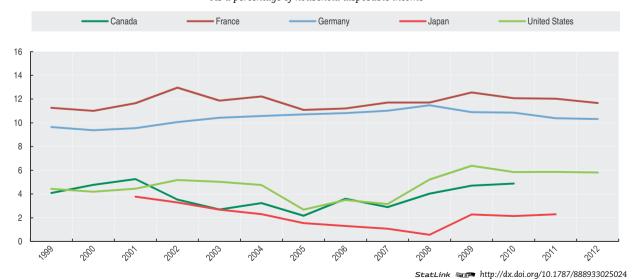
As a percentage of household disposable income

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Australia	2.8	3.9	0.3	1.0	2.1	1.6	2.5	4.6	10.7	9.8	11.0	11.7	10.5
Austria	9.3	7.6	7.9	8.7	9.1	9.6	10.4	11.6	11.5	11.2	8.9	6.7	7.4
Belgium	12.5	13.8	13.1	12.3	10.7	9.9	10.7	11.3	11.5	13.2	9.9	8.4	9.6
Canada	4.8	5.3	3.5	2.7	3.2	2.2	3.6	2.9	4.0	4.7	4.9		
Chile	**						**		7.0	12.3	8.9	8.7	
Czech Republic	5.8	5.2	5.2	4.1	2.9	4.8	6.1	5.7	4.8	6.8	6.2	5.1	5.9
Denmark	-4.0	2.1	2.1	2.4	-1.3	-4.2	-2.3	-4.0	-3.7	0.1	0.0	0.7	-0.7
Estonia	-3.0	-4.0	-6.4	-7.1	-12.8	-10.8	-13.1	-8.2	-4.1	4.7	4.4	6.0	-1.1
Finland	0.5	0.3	0.4	1.4	2.7	0.9	-1.1	-0.9	-0.3	4.2	3.6	1.3	1.1
France	11.0	11.7	13.0	11.9	12.2	11.1	11.2	11.7	11.7	12.6	12.1	12.0	11.7
Germany	9.4	9.5	10.1	10.4	10.6	10.7	10.8	11.0	11.5	10.9	10.9	10.4	10.3
Greece						-1.7	-1.0	2.5	-4.1	-2.9	-8.8	-12.5	-14.6
Hungary	6.2	6.7	5.3	2.9	5.4	6.7	7.2	3.3	2.7	4.8	5.4	5.4	1.9
Iceland													
Ireland			-0.7	0.4	1.2	2.2	-0.4	-0.5	6.0	11.5	8.5	6.4	5.2
Israel													
Italy	7.9	9.9	10.8	10.3	10.5	10.2	9.5	8.9	8.5	7.1	4.9	4.3	3.6
Japan		3.8	3.3	2.7	2.3	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.6	2.3	2.1	2.3	
Korea	9.3	5.2	0.4	5.2	9.2	7.2	5.2	2.9	2.9	4.6	4.3	3.5	3.8
Luxembourg							3.8	4.3	9.5	12.1	13.0	13.6	13.7
Mexico				11.4	10.1	10.1	10.1	9.7	9.2	9.0	9.0	8.2	
Netherlands	6.9	9.7	8.7	7.6	7.4	6.4	6.1	6.9	5.9	5.6	3.3	4.9	4.1
New Zealand													
Norway	4.3	3.1	8.2	8.8	6.9	9.6	-0.5	0.8	3.7	6.9	5.6	7.1	8.2
Poland	10.0	11.9	8.3	7.7	5.5	5.9	6.5	4.6	-0.3	6.9	6.1	-0.2	2.6
Portugal	3.8	3.8	3.3	3.6	2.8	2.7	0.4	-0.7	-0.8	3.2	2.4	1.7	3.9
Slovak Republic	6.0	3.8	3.3	1.1	0.3	1.1	0.1	2.2	1.1				
Slovenia	7.8	9.7	10.3	7.8	8.6	10.6	10.8	9.0	8.6	8.0	6.1	5.2	4.7
Spain	6.1	5.9	5.8	6.7	5.2	4.7	3.9	4.0	7.8	12.2	7.9	6.8	4.4
Sweden	3.1	7.3	7.1	5.9	4.7	4.0	4.9	7.2	9.0	11.0	8.3	10.4	12.2
Switzerland	10.6	11.2	9.9	8.6	8.0	8.8	10.7	12.5	11.7	11.4	11.4	12.8	
Turkey													
United Kingdom	0.1	1.4	-0.2	-0.5	-1.5	-2.3	-2.2	-3.7	-2.7	2.3	2.9	2.2	2.4
United States	4.2	4.5	5.2	5.0	4.8	2.7	3.5	3.2	5.2	6.4	5.9	5.9	5.8
Euro area	8.2	8.9	9.4	9.2	9.2	8.6	8.2	8.5	8.7	9.5	8.0	7.4	7.0
EU 28	6.2	7.3	7.1	6.9	6.4	5.8	5.5	5.3	5.7	7.8	6.3	5.6	5.5
OECD													
Brazil													
China													
India													
Indonesia													
Russian Federation						11.0	12.4	12.1	10.1	13.1	15.5	13.9	
South Africa	1.0	0.4	0.7	0.6	0.4	0.1	-0.8	-1.2	-1.2	-0.8	-0.5	-0.2	0.0

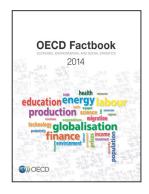
StatLink http://dx.doi.org/10.1787/888933027589

Household net saving rates

As a percentage of household disposable income



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