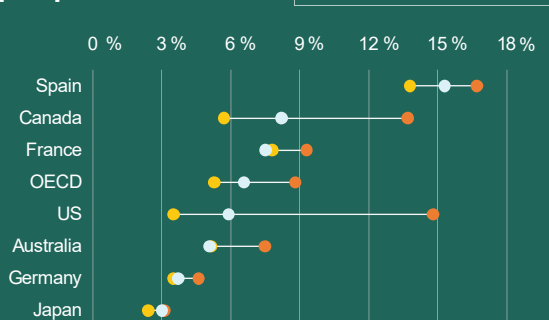


## Infographic 1. Key facts and figures

### Unemployment is still well above pre-pandemic levels



In May 2021 about 8 million more people in the OECD were unemployed than before the crisis.

### Long spells of joblessness are a real risk

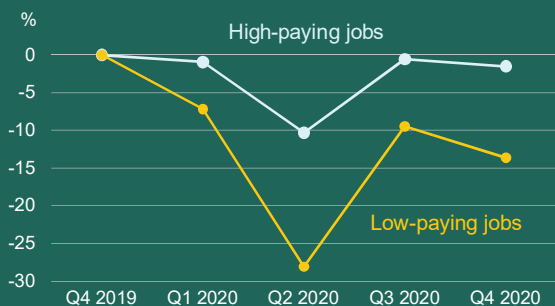
% increase in unemployment rate by duration category, OECD average, Q4 2019 - Q4 2020



At the end of 2020, there were 22 million more people jobless for more than 6 months compared to before the pandemic.

### Massive drop in hours worked for low-paying jobs during pandemic

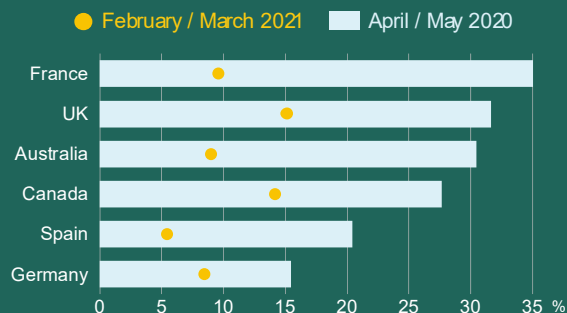
OECD average, % year on year change from same quarter of 2019



Total hours worked in Q1 2021 still 7% lower than in Q4 2019.

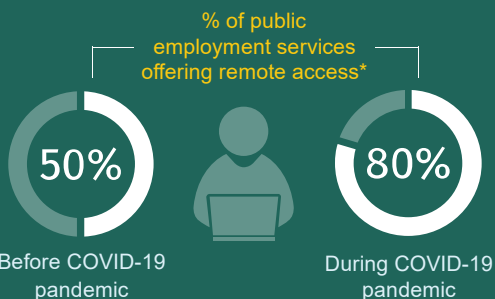
### Many governments heavily subsidised hours not worked to protect jobs

Use of job retention schemes as % of employees covered



Up to 21 million jobs may have been saved at the peak of the COVID-19 crisis.

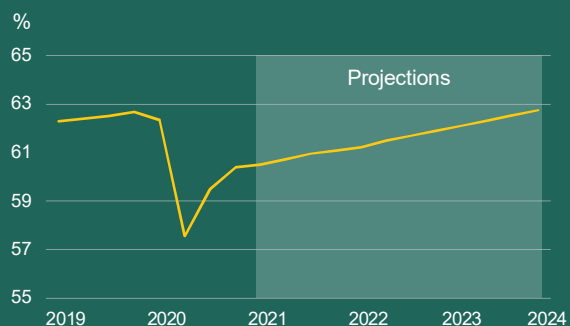
### Public employment services rapidly increased digital & remote services



\*OECD average

### The labour market recovery will be slow in most countries

Projected OECD employment rate, as % of working age population





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