### COMPUTER AND INTERNET ACCESS BY HOUSEHOLDS

Computers are increasingly present in homes in OECD countries, both in countries that already have high penetration rates and in those where adoption has lagged.

#### **Definition**

The table shows the number of households that reported having at least one personal computer in working order in their household. The second part of the table shows the percentage of households who reported that they had access to the Internet. In almost all cases this access is via a personal computer either using a dial-up, ADSL or cable broadband access.

### Comparability

Over a very short period, national statistical offices have made great progress in providing indicators of the use of information and communication technology. From an international perspective, the major drawback of official statistics on ICT use is that they remain based on different standards and measure rapidly changing behaviour at different points in time. Most countries use existing surveys, such as labour force, time use, household expenditure or general social surveys. Others rely on special surveys.

Another issue for international comparability is the choice between households and individuals as the survey unit. Household surveys generally provide information on both the household and the individuals in the household. Person-based data typically provide information on the number of individuals with access to a technology, those using the technology, the location at which they use it and the purpose of use.

Statistics on ICT use by households may run into problems of international comparability because of structural differences in the composition of households. On the other hand, statistics on individuals may use different age groups, and age is an important determinant of ICT use. Household-and person-based measures yield different figures in terms of levels and growth rates. Such differences complicate international comparisons and make benchmarking exercises based on a single indicator of Internet access or use misleading, since country rankings change according to the indicator used.

The OECD has addressed issues of international comparability by developing a model survey on ICT use in households/by individuals. The model survey is designed to be flexible; it uses modules addressing different topics so that additional components can be added as technologies reflecting usage practices and policy interests change. The ICT access and use by households and individuals model survey is available on the OECD website.

# Long-term trends

Penetration rates are highest in, Denmark, Iceland, Sweden, Japan, the Netherlands, Korea, Luxembourg, Germany and Norway 75 % or more of households had access to a home computer by 2006. On the other hand, shares in Turkey, Mexico, Greece and the Czech Republic were below 40%. Between 2001 and 2006, the percentages of households with access to a home computer increased particularly sharply in Japan, the United Kingdom and Germany.

The picture with regard to Internet access is similar. In Korea, Iceland, the Netherlands, Denmark, Sweden and Switzerland, more than 75% of households had Internet access by 2006. In Turkey, Mexico and Greece, on the other hand, less than one quarter of the households had Internet access by 2006.

#### Source

- OECD (2007), OECD Science, Technology and Industry: Scoreboard 2007, OECD, Paris.
- Eurostat (2005), Eurostat community survey on ICT usage in households and by individuals, May 2005, Eurostat, Luxembourg.

## Further information Analytical publications

- OECD (2004), Access Pricing in Telecommunications, OECD, Paris.
- OECD (2006), OECD Information Technology Outlook 2006, OECD, Paris.
- OECD (2007), OECD Communications Outlook 2007, OECD, Paris.

#### Statistical publications

 OECD (2005), OECD Telecommunications Database, CD-ROM, OECD, Paris.

#### Websites

- OECD Science, Technology and Industry, www.oecd.org/sti.
- OECD Telecommunications and Internet Policy, www.oecd.org/sti/telecom.



### COMPUTER AND INTERNET ACCESS BY HOUSEHOLDS

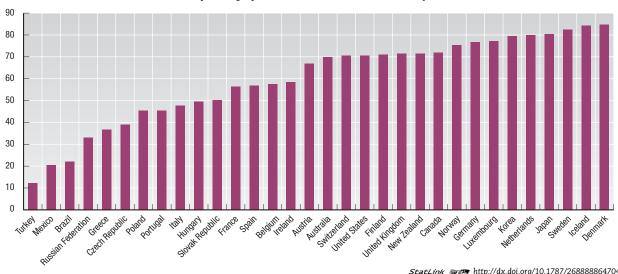
### Households with access to home computers and the Internet

	Percentage of households with access to a home computer						Percentage of households with access to the Internet					
_	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Australia	58.0	61.0	66.0	67.0	70.0		42.0	46.0	53.0	56.0	60.0	
Austria		49.2	50.8	58.6	63.1	66.8		33.5	37.4	44.6	46.7	52.3
Belgium						57.5					50.2	54.0
Canada	59.9	64.1	66.6	68.7	72.0		49.9	54.3	56.9	59.8	64.3	
Czech Republic		27.8	23.8		30.0	39.0			14.8	19.4	19.1	29.3
Denmark	69.6	72.2	78.5	79.3	83.8	84.8	59.0	55.6	64.2	69.4	74.9	78.7
Finland	52.9	54.5	57.4	57.0	64.0	71.1	39.5	44.3	47.4	50.9	54.1	64.7
France	32.4	36.6	45.7	49.8		56.4	18.1	23.0	31.0	33.6		40.9
Germany	53.0	61.0	65.2	68.7	69.9	76.8	36.0	46.1	54.1	60.0	61.6	67.1
Greece		25.3	28.7	29.0	32.6	36.7		12.2	16.3	16.5	21.7	23.1
Hungary				31.9	42.3	49.5				14.2	22.1	32.3
Iceland				85.7	89.3	84.4				80.6	84.4	83.0
Ireland			42.2	46.3	54.9	58.5			35.6	39.7	47.2	50.0
Italy		39.9	47.7	47.4	45.7	47.6		33.7	32.1	34.1	38.6	40.0
Japan	58.0	71.7	78.2	77.5	80.5			48.8	53.6	55.8	57.0	60.5
Korea	76.9	78.6	77.9	77.8	78.9	79.6	63.2	70.2	68.8	86.0	92.7	94.0
Luxembourg		52.6	58.0	67.3	74.5	77.1		39.9	45.4	58.6	64.6	70.2
Mexico	11.6	15.2		18.0	18.4	20.5	6.1	7.4		8.7	9.0	10.1
Netherlands		69.0	70.8		77.9	80.0		58.0	60.5		78.3	80.3
New Zealand	47.0					71.6	37.4					64.5
Norway			71.2	71.5	74.2	75.3			60.5	60.1	64.0	68.8
Poland				36.1	40.1	45.3				26.0	30.4	35.9
Portugal	39.0	26.8	38.3	41.3	42.5	45.4	18.0	15.1	21.7	26.2	31.5	35.2
Slovak Republic				39.0	46.7	50.1				23.0	23.0	26.6
Spain			47.1	52.1	54.6	56.9		17.4	27.5	33.6	35.5	39.1
Sweden	69.2				79.7	82.5	53.3				72.5	77.4
Switzerland	62.2	65.4	68.9	70.6			54.7	61.9	66.4	69.8	73.5	76.8
Turkey				10.2	12.2					7.0	7.7	
United Kingdom	49.0	57.9	63.2	65.3	70.0	71.4	40.0	49.7	55.1	55.9	60.2	62.6
United States	56.2		61.8				50.3		54.6			
Brazil					18.6	22.1			••		13.7	16.9
Russian Federation				20.0	26.0	33.0				27.3	25.0	28.5

StatLink http://dx.doi.org/10.1787/274673214225

### Households with access to a home computer

As a percentage of all households, 2006 or latest available year



StatLink http://dx.doi.org/10.1787/268888864704



#### From:

## **OECD Factbook 2008**

Economic, Environmental and Social Statistics

### Access the complete publication at:

https://doi.org/10.1787/factbook-2008-en

## Please cite this chapter as:

OECD (2009), "Computer and internet access by households", in *OECD Factbook 2008: Economic, Environmental and Social Statistics*, OECD Publishing, Paris.

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1787/factbook-2008-56-en

This work is published under the responsibility of the Secretary-General of the OECD. The opinions expressed and arguments employed herein do not necessarily reflect the official views of OECD member countries.

This document and any map included herein are without prejudice to the status of or sovereignty over any territory, to the delimitation of international frontiers and boundaries and to the name of any territory, city or area.

You can copy, download or print OECD content for your own use, and you can include excerpts from OECD publications, databases and multimedia products in your own documents, presentations, blogs, websites and teaching materials, provided that suitable acknowledgment of OECD as source and copyright owner is given. All requests for public or commercial use and translation rights should be submitted to rights@oecd.org. Requests for permission to photocopy portions of this material for public or commercial use shall be addressed directly to the Copyright Clearance Center (CCC) at info@copyright.com or the Centre français d'exploitation du droit de copie (CFC) at contact@cfcopies.com.

