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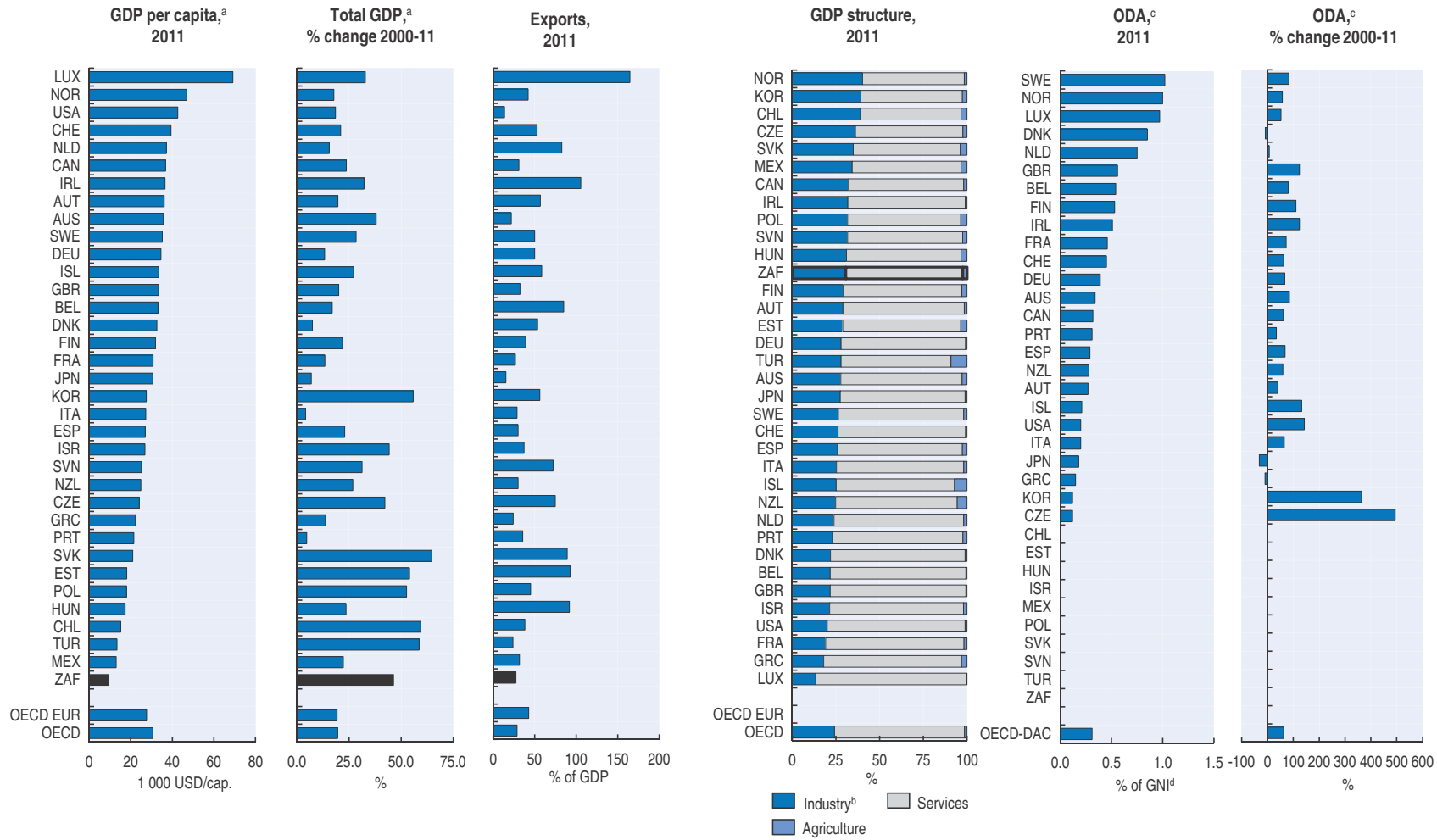
ANNEX I

*Selected data**

I.A. Selected economic data 194
I.B. Selected social data 197
I.C. Selected environmental data 198

* The statistical data for Israel are supplied by and under the responsibility of the relevant Israeli authorities. The use of such data by the OECD is without prejudice to the status of the Golan Heights, East Jerusalem and Israeli settlements in the West Bank under the terms of international law.

Annex I.A. **Selected economic data* – Economic context**



*) Data refer to the indicated year or to the latest available year. They may include provisional figures and estimates. Partial totals are indicated by dotted borders.

a) GDP at 2005 prices and purchasing power parities.

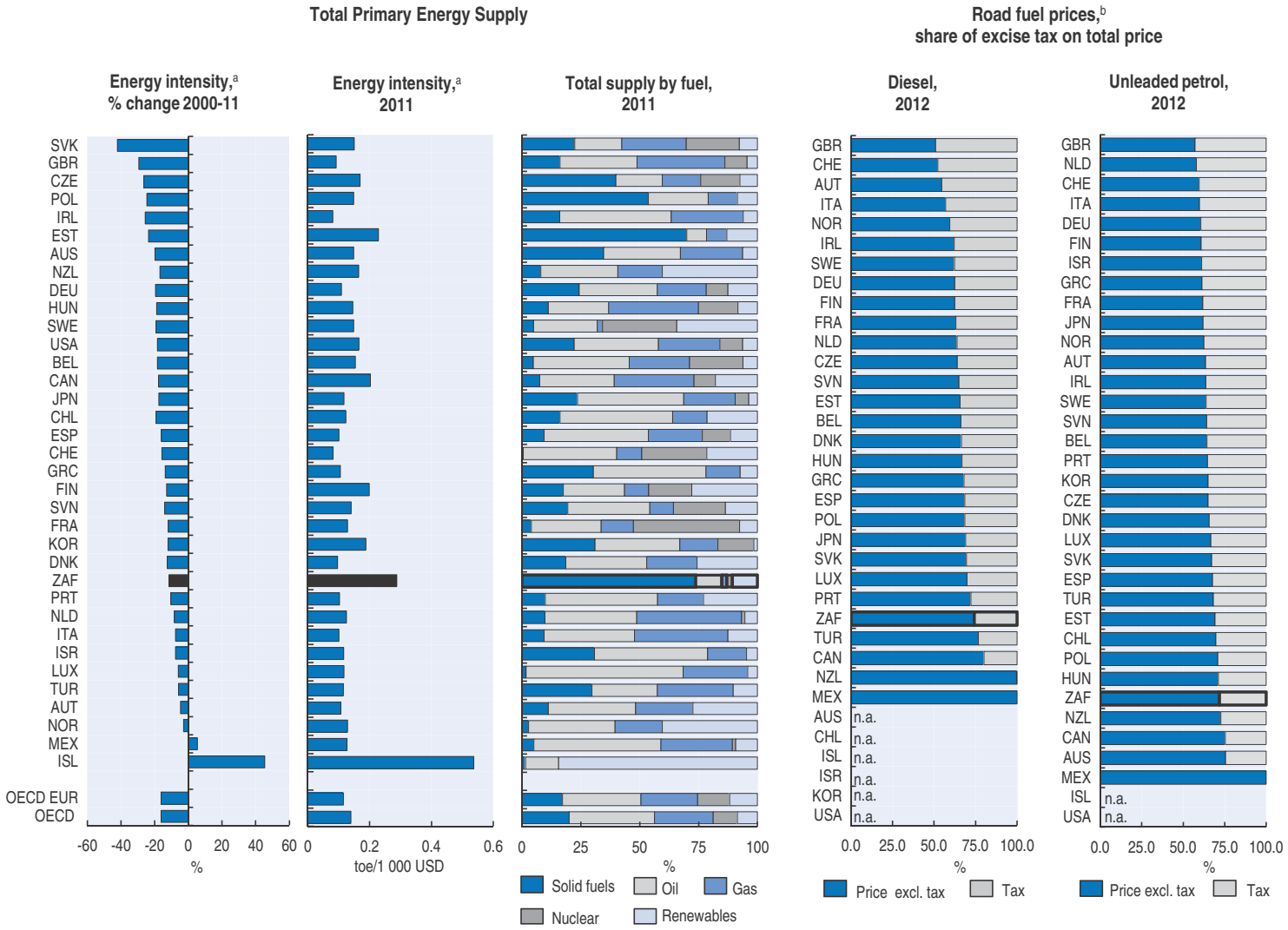
b) Includes mining and quarrying, manufacturing, gas, electricity and water, and construction.

c) Official development assistance by member countries of the OECD Development Assistance Committee (DAC). Total net disbursements; % change based on data expressed at constant 2010 USD; (CZE, ISL, KOR became DAC members after 2000).

d) Gross national income.

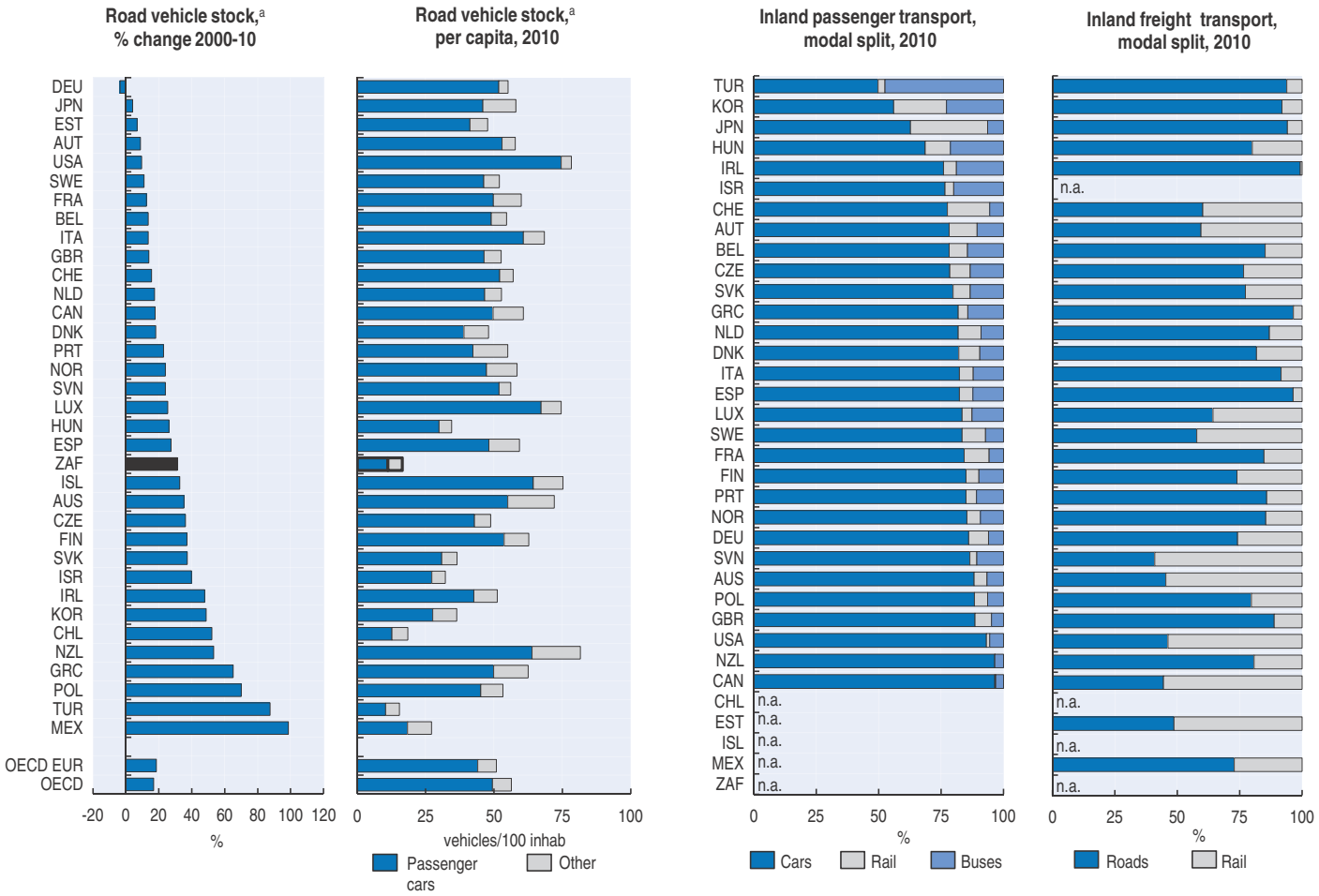
Source: OECD Environmental Data.

Annex I.A. **Selected economic data* – Energy**



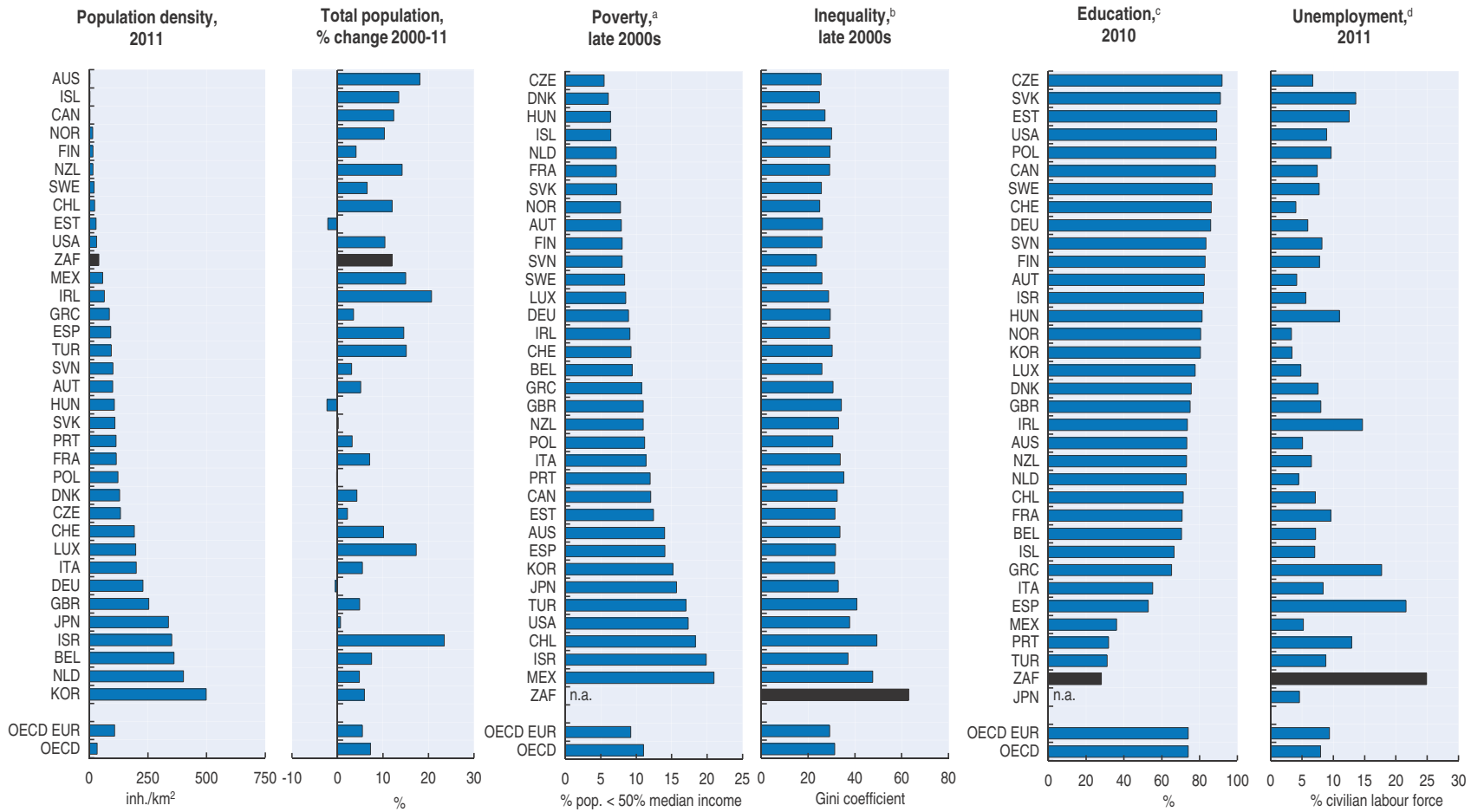
*) Data refer to the indicated year or to the latest available year. They may include provisional figures and estimates. Partial totals are indicated by dotted borders.
a) Total primary energy supply per unit of GDP expressed at 2005 prices and purchasing power parities.
b) Diesel fuel: automotive diesel for non-commercial use; unleaded petrol: unleaded premium (RON 95), except JPN (regular unleaded) and ZAF (RON 93).
Source: OECD Environmental Data.

Annex I.A. **Selected economic data* – Transport**



*) Data refer to the indicated year or to the latest available year. They may include provisional figures and estimates. Partial totals are indicated by dotted borders.
a) Motor vehicles with four or more wheels. ZAF: 2000 data refer to 2004.
Source: OECD Environmental Data.

Annex I.B. **Selected social data* – Social context**



*) Data refer to the indicated year or to the latest available year. They may include provisional figures and estimates. Partial totals are indicated by dotted borders.

a) Share of population with an income under 50% of the median income. OECD: average of rates.

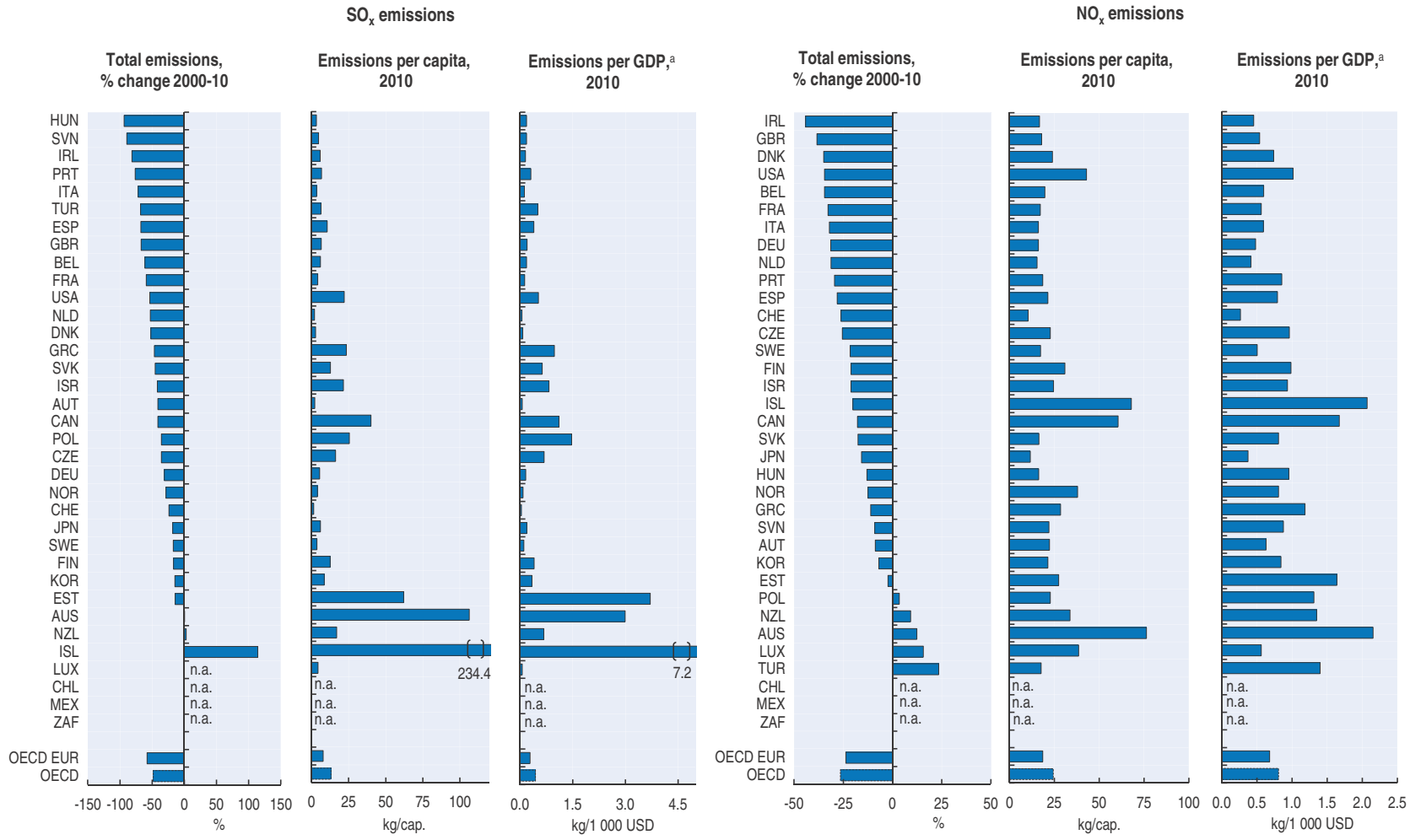
b) Ranging from 0 (equal) to 100 (inequal) income distribution; figures relate to total disposable income (incl. all incomes, taxes and benefits) for the entire population. OECD: average of rates.

c) Share of population aged 25-64 years with at least upper secondary education. OECD: average of rates.

d) Harmonised unemployment rates.

Source: OECD Environmental Data; *OECD.Stat Data Warehouse* (*OECD Social Expenditure Statistics; OECD Education Statistics; OECD Main Economic Indicators*).

Annex I.C. **Selected environmental data* – Air**



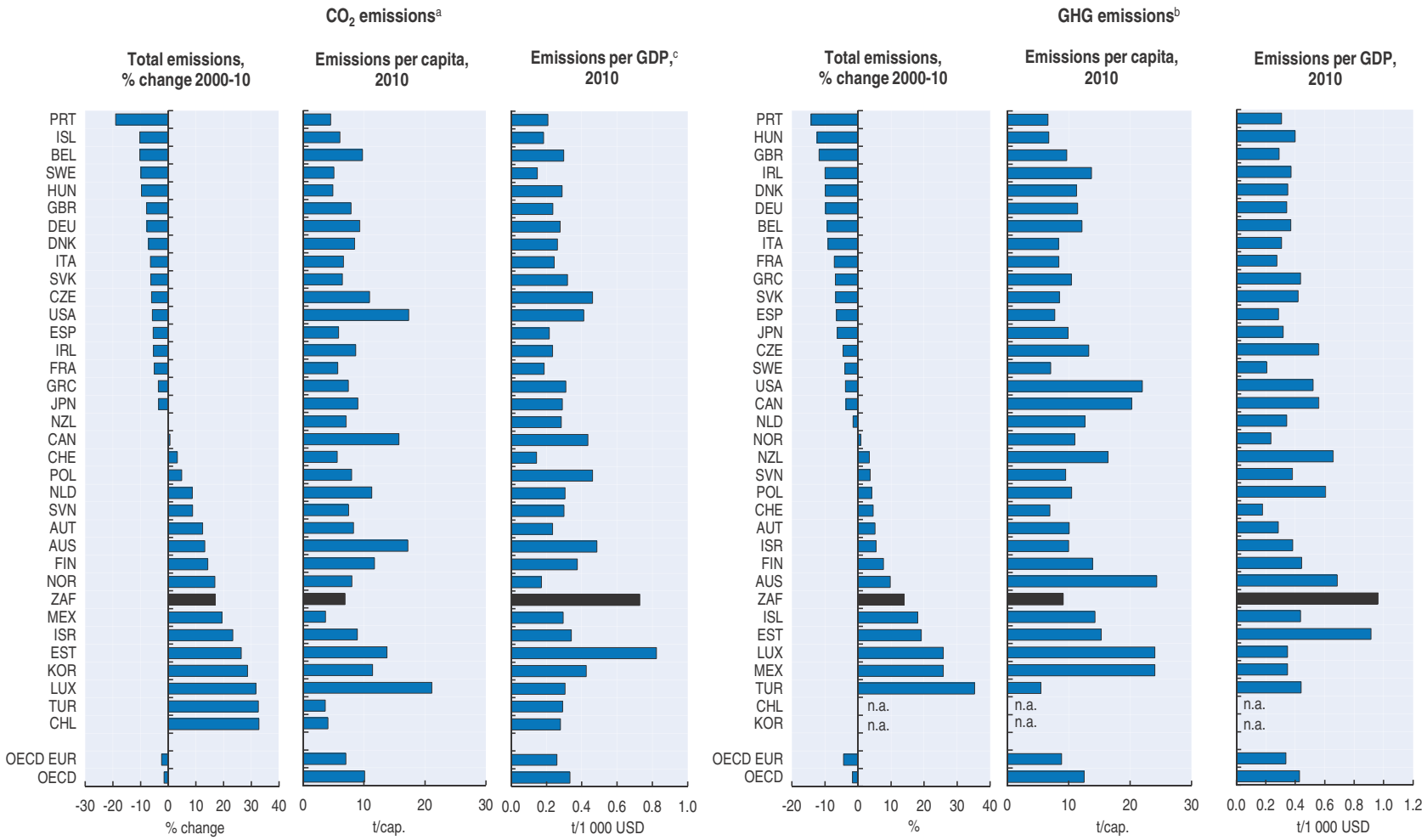
*) Data refer to the indicated year or to the latest available year. They may include provisional figures and estimates. Varying definitions can limit comparability across countries. Partial totals are indicated by dotted borders.

a) GDP at 2005 prices and purchasing power parities.

ISL: SO_x emissions include emissions from geothermal energy (182 kg per capita in 2010). KOR: Data refer to 2006. LUX: NO_x emissions exclude "fuel tourism emissions" and refer to 2009.

Source: OECD Environmental Data.

Annex I.C. **Selected environmental data* – Climate**



*) Data refer to the indicated year or to the latest available year. They may include provisional figures and estimates. Varying definitions can limit comparability across countries. Partial totals are indicated by dotted borders.

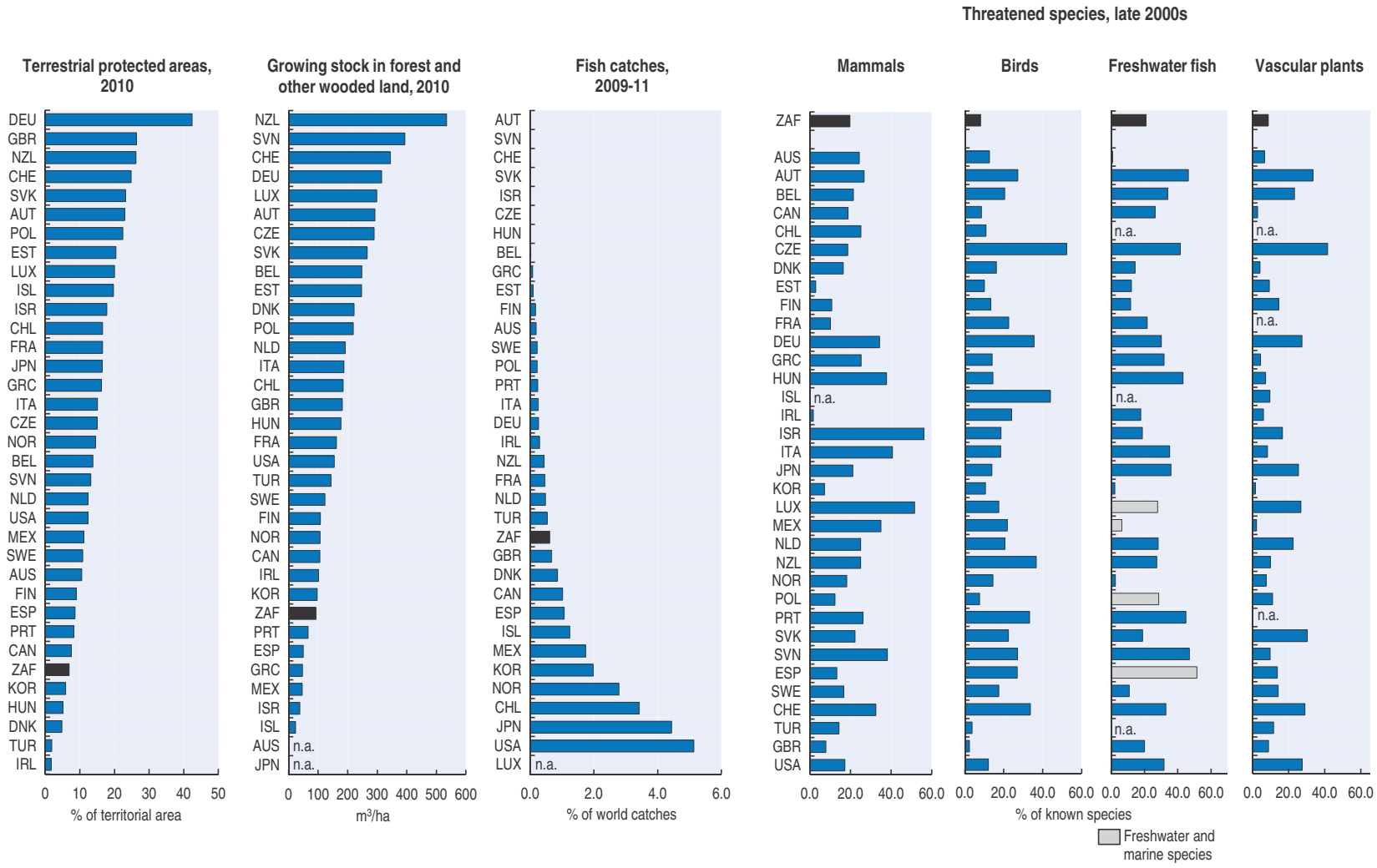
a) Emissions from energy use only; excluding international marine and aviation bunkers; sectoral approach.

b) Exluding emissions/removals of the land use, land-use change and forestry sector. ISR: 2000 data exclude F-gases.

c) GDP at 2005 prices and purchasing power parities.

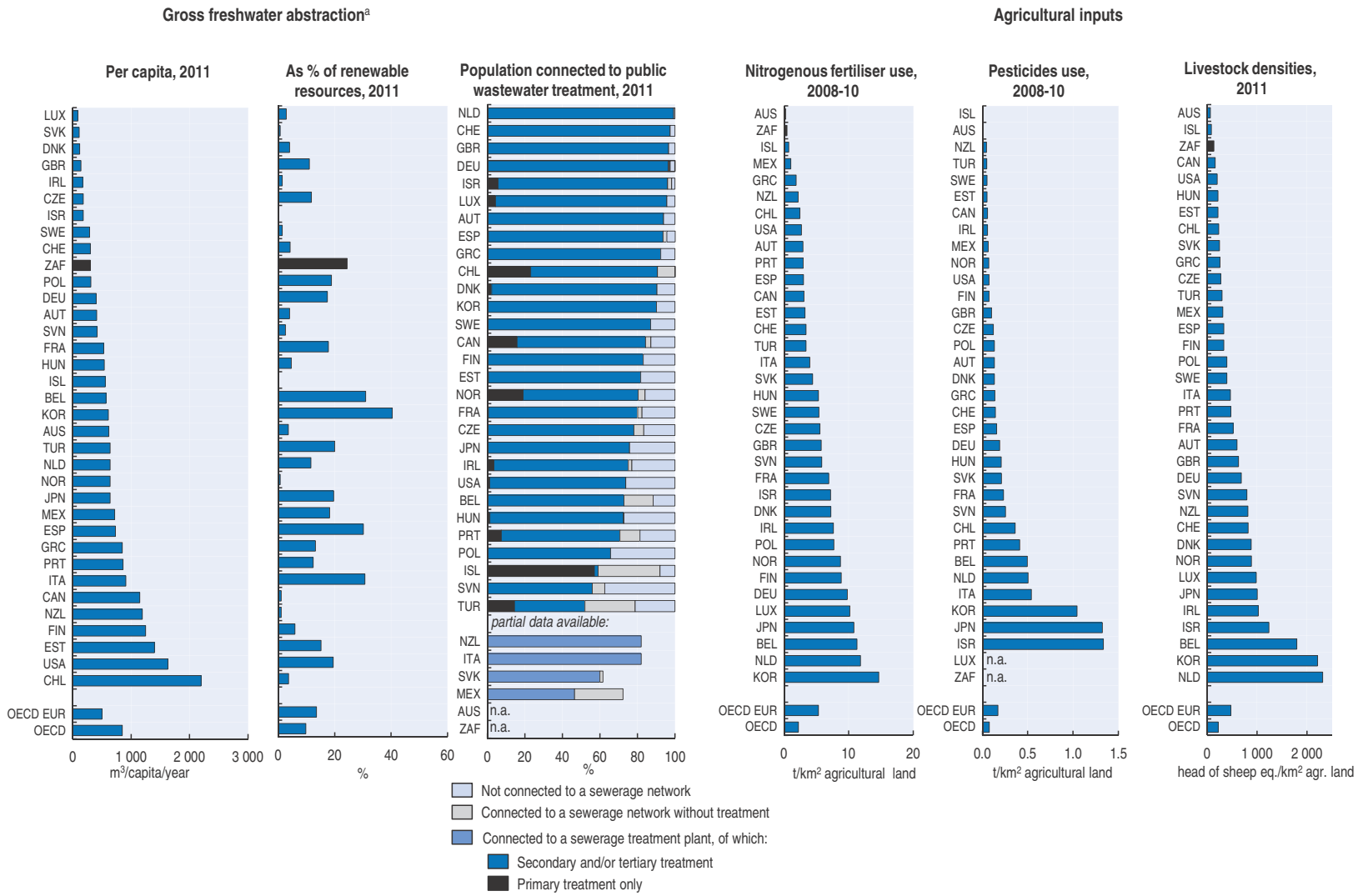
Source: OECD Environmental Data.

Annex I.C. **Selected environmental data* – Biodiversity conservation and sustainable use**



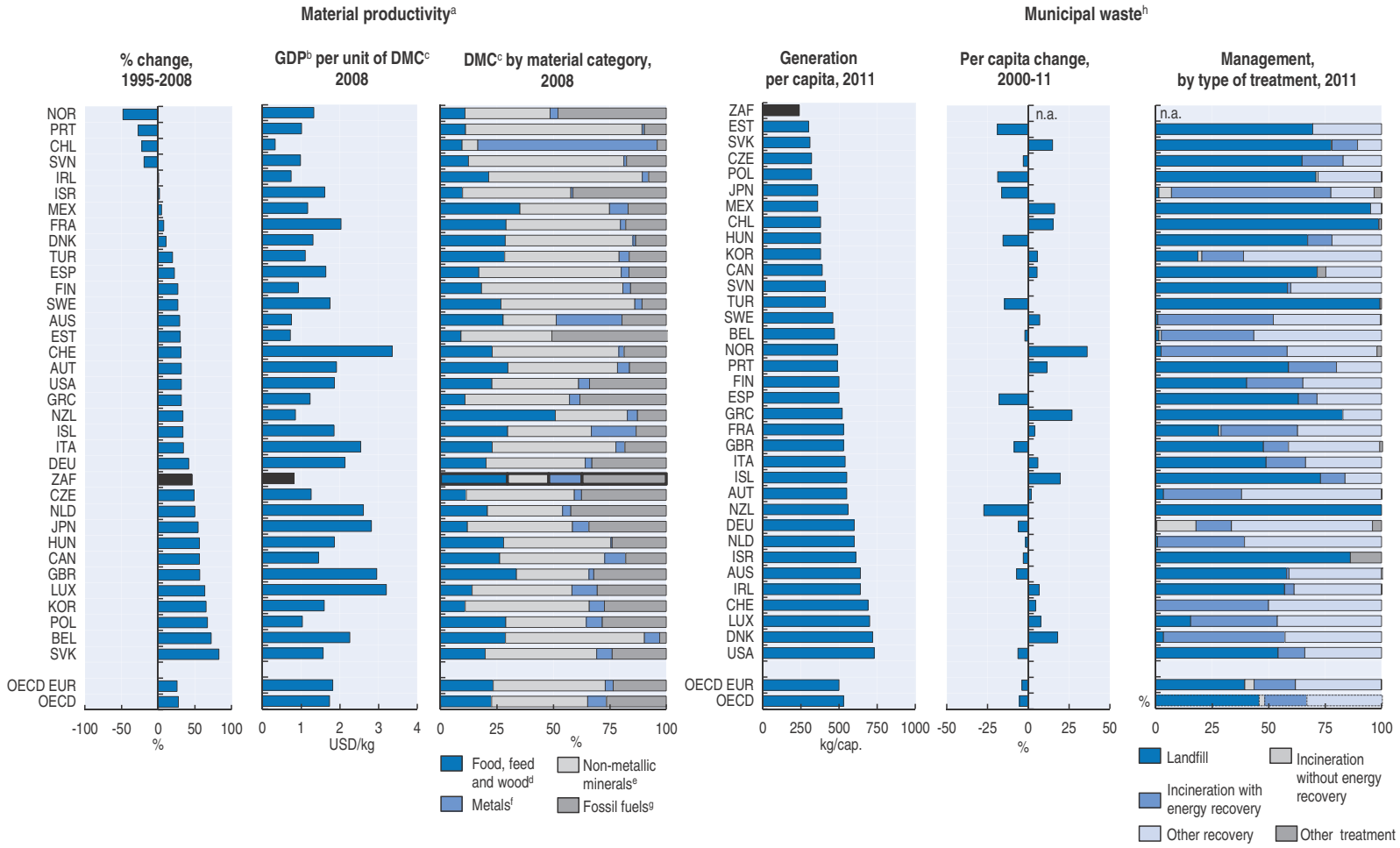
*) Data refer to the indicated year or to the latest available year. They may include provisional figures and estimates. Varying definitions can limit comparability across countries.
a) Includes different level of protection ranging from IUCN categories I to VI. National classifications may differ.
NOR: threatened fish species: marine species only.
Source: OECD Environmental Data.

Annex I.C. **Selected environmental data* – Water and land**



*) Data refer to the indicated year or to the latest available year. They may include provisional figures and estimates. Varying definitions can limit comparability across countries.
a) For some countries, data refer to water permits and not to actual abstractions.
CHL: data for public wastewater treatment refer to population living in urban areas. GBR: Water abstraction and public wastewater treatment: England and Wales only; pesticides use: Great Britain only.
Source: OECD Environmental Data.

Annex I.C. **Selected environmental data* – Material productivity and waste**



*) Data refer to the indicated year or to the latest available year. They may include provisional figures and estimates. Varying definitions can limit comparability across countries. Partial totals are indicated by dotted borders.

a) Amount of GDP generated per unit of materials used, ratio of GDP to domestic material consumption (DMC).

b) GDP at 2005 prices and purchasing power parities.

c) DMC equals the sum of domestic (raw material) extraction used by an economy and its physical trade balance (imports minus exports of raw materials and manufactured products).

d) Domestic production from agriculture, forestry and fisheries, plus trade of raw and processed products from these sectors.

e) Domestic extraction and trade of minerals used in industry and construction, plus trade of derived processed products.

f) Domestic extraction of metal ores, plus trade of metal ores, metal concentrates, refined metals, products mainly made of metals, and scrap.

g) Coal, crude oil, natural gas, peat and traded derived products.

h) Waste collected by or for municipalities and includes household, bulky and commercial waste, and similar waste handled at the same facilities. CAN: household waste only and total incineration; NZL: lanfdilled waste only; ZAF: excludes recyclable waste.

Source: OECD Environmental Data.

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