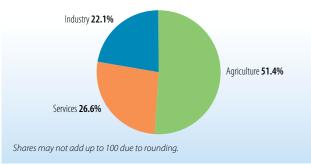
SIERRA LEONE

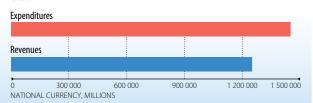
BASIC INDICATORS 5 696 Population (thousands, 2009)

GDP (millions current USD, 2009) ²	1 942
GDP real growth rate (annual %, 2009) ³	4.0
GDP per capita, PPP (current international dollars, 2009) ⁴	808.0
Income group ⁵	LDC
Poverty (% living below USD 1.25/day, 2003) ⁶	53.4
Income share held by highest 20% (%, 2003) ⁷	49.3
Labour force, female (% of total labour force, 2008) $^{\rm 8}$	51.4
Human development index (2010) ⁹	158/169
Aid dependency (ODA/GNI, 2008)1°	19.1

GDP - COMPOSITION BY SECTOR¹



BUDGET¹²



SOURCES:

- 1 WTO Trade Profiles 2010
- 2 WTO Trade Profiles 2010
- 3 World Bank National Accounts Data
- 4 World Bank World Development Indicators
- 5 DAC List of ODA Recipients 2009/2010
- 6 World Bank World Development Indicators
- 7 World Bank World Development Indicators
- 8 World Bank World Development Indicators
- 9 UNDP Human Development Report 2010
- 10 World Bank World Development Indicators
- 11 World Bank National Accounts Data
- 12 IMF's World Economic Outlook Database, Government Finance
- 13 OECD-DAC, Aid activities database (CRS)
- 14 OECD/WTO Ouestionnaire
- 15 World Bank World Trade Indicators
- 16 World bank World Trade Indicators

17 --

328

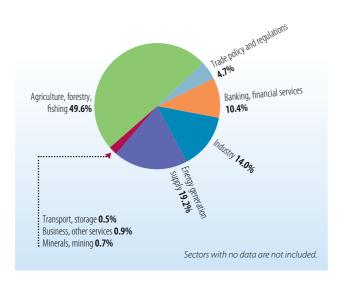
- 18 ITC (WTO/UNCTAD)
- 19 WTO Secretariat
- 20 WTO Secretariat
- 21 WTO Secretariat

AID FLOWS¹

FLOWS (USD '000, 2009 constant)

Aid for Trade	Comm 2002-05 avg.	itments 2009	Disbursements 2009
Trade policy and regulations	2 555	1736	4 797
Economic infrastructure	62 117	7 253	65 160
Building productive capacity	32 430	27 850	30 059
Of which: Trade development ma	rker	19 629	10 909
Trade-related adjustment			
Total AFT	97 102	36 839	100 017
AFT per capita (USD)	20	6	18

BY SECTOR (Share in total AFT, commitments, 2009)



SHARE IN ODA (Commitments, 2008-09 avg.) AFT share in sector allocable ODA compared to its region and income group shares



TOP DONORS (USD '000, 2009 constant)

	(000 000, 200)	20113141114
Commitments	2008-09 avg.	
United Kingdom	21 206	
World Bank	19 711	
Japan	10 763	94.1%
African Dev. Bank	7 928	
EU Institutions	7 735	
Germany	5 749	Top donors' share in total AF
Disbursements	2008-09 avg.	
טוטטעוטכוווכוונט	2000-09 avy.	
EU Institutions	20 103	
World Bank	18 969	
Japan	12 658	93.4%

12 230

10 108

4 803

Top donors' share in total AFT

TRADE MAINSTREAMING

Changes to aid-for-trade priorities have been mainstreamed in the national development plan and operational strategies have been updated accordingly.

The EIF focal point and committee are involved in overseeing the trade agenda. The EIF has had a significant impact on the ability to mainstream trade in the national development plan.

TRADE POLICY INDICATORS (2007)



TRADE PROGRAMME INDICATORS

PRIORITY 1: COMPETITIVENESS¹⁶

Trade Performance Index

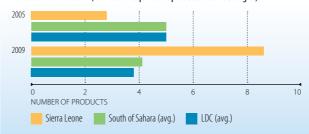


PRIORITY 2: VALUE CHAINS¹⁷

No indicator available. Refer to questionnaire response for country-specific information.

PRIORITY 3: EXPORT DIVERSIFICATION¹⁸

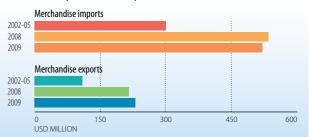




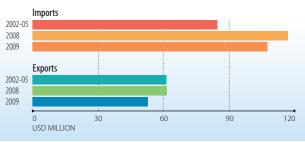
TRADE PERFORMANCE

TOTAL VALUE¹⁹

Merchandise imports (c.i.f.) and exports (f.o.b.)



Commercial services imports and exports



MAIN TRADING PARTNERS²⁰

Imports by main origin (% share of total)

2002		2008	2009
Côte d'Ivoire	36.7	-	-
European Union	18.5	-	-
Canada	6.5	_	_

Exports by main destination (% share of total)

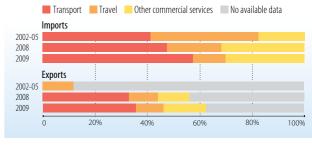
2002		2008	2009
United States	1.0	-	-
Saudi Arabia	0.4	-	-
European Union	0.2	_	_

TRADE COMPOSITION2

Share of main commodity group

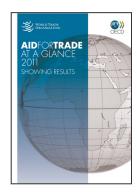


Share of principal commercial services items



United Kingdom

African Dev. Bank



From: Aid for Trade at a Glance 2011

Showing Results

Access the complete publication at:

https://doi.org/10.1787/9789264117471-en

Please cite this chapter as:

OECD/World Trade Organization (2011), "Sierra Leone", in *Aid for Trade at a Glance 2011: Showing Results*, World Trade Organization, Geneva/OECD Publishing, Paris.

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1787/aid_glance-2011-82-en

This work is published under the responsibility of the Secretary-General of the OECD. The opinions expressed and arguments employed herein do not necessarily reflect the official views of OECD member countries.

This document and any map included herein are without prejudice to the status of or sovereignty over any territory, to the delimitation of international frontiers and boundaries and to the name of any territory, city or area.

You can copy, download or print OECD content for your own use, and you can include excerpts from OECD publications, databases and multimedia products in your own documents, presentations, blogs, websites and teaching materials, provided that suitable acknowledgment of OECD as source and copyright owner is given. All requests for public or commercial use and translation rights should be submitted to rights@oecd.org. Requests for permission to photocopy portions of this material for public or commercial use shall be addressed directly to the Copyright Clearance Center (CCC) at info@copyright.com or the Centre français d'exploitation du droit de copie (CFC) at contact@cfcopies.com.

