ANNEX B

Classification of the Functions of Government (COFOG)

First- and second-level COFOG

Developed by the OECD, the Classification of the Functions of Government (COFOG) classifies government expenditure data from the System of National Accounts by the purpose for which the funds are used. As Table B.1 illustrates, first-level COFOG splits expenditure data into ten "functional" groups or sub-sectors of expenditures (such as defence, education and social protection), and second-level COFOG further splits each first-level group into up to nine sub-groups. While first-level COFOG data are available for 31 out of the 34 OECD member countries, second-level COFOG data are currently only available for 21 OECD European member countries.*

Table B.1. First and second level COFOG

First-level	Second-level
General public services	 Executive and legislative organs, financial and fiscal affairs, external affairs. Foreign economic aid. General services. Basic research. R&D general public services. General public services n.e.c. Public debt transactions. Transfers of a general character between different levels of government.
Defence	 Military defence. Civil defence. Foreign military aid. R&D defence. Defence n.e.c.

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^{*} First-level COFOG data are not available for Chile, Mexico and Turkey. Until recently, second-level COFOG data were available in some national statistical offices, but were not collected by international organisations. Moreover, the second-level COFOG data were not comparable among countries because the SNA/UN guide and the International Monetary Fund Manual on Government Finance Statistics do not provide much practical information on the application of COFOG concepts. However, in 2005, Eurostat established a task force to develop a manual on the application of COFOG to national account expenditure data and to discuss the collection of second-level COFOG data for European countries. Second-level COFOG data are not available for Switzerland and all non-European member countries of the OECD: Australia, Canada, Chile, Japan, Israel, Korea, Mexico, New Zealand and the United States. In addition, these data are available only for selected COFOG divisions in some members of the EU. Efforts are underway to reach agreement with these countries about the submission of these data to the OECD.

Table B.1. First and second level COFOG (cont.)

First-level	Second-level
Public order and safety	 Police services. Fire-protection services. Law courts. Prisons. R&D public order and safety. Public order and safety n.e.c.
Economic affairs	 General economic, commercial and labour affairs. Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting. Fuel and energy. Mining, manufacturing and construction. Transport. Communication. Other industries. R&D economic affairs. Economic affairs n.e.c.
Environmental protection	 Waste management. Waste water management. Pollution abatement. Protection of biodiversity and landscape. R&D environmental protection. Environmental protection n.e.c.
Housing and community amenities	 Housing development. Community development. Water supply. Street lighting. R&D housing and community amenities. Housing and community amenities n.e.c.
Health	 Medical products, appliances and equipment. Outpatient services. Hospital services. Public health services. R&D health. Health n.e.c.
Recreation, culture and religion	Recreational and sporting services. Cultural services. Broadcasting and publishing services. Religious and other community services. R&D recreation, culture and religion. Recreation, culture and religion n.e.c.
Education	 Pre-primary and primary education. Secondary education. Post-secondary non-tertiary education. Tertiary education. Education not definable by level. Subsidiary services to education. R&D education. Education n.e.c.
Social protection	 Sickness and disability. Old age. Survivors. Family and children. Unemployment. Housing. Social exclusion n.e.c. R&D social protection. Social protection n.e.c.

n.e.c.: "Not elsewhere classified".



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